## Year 1 Art: Portraits Drawing and painting self-portraits

| Words You Need To Know |  |
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| portrait | A picture of one person or a small group of <br> people. |
| self-portrait | When an artist makes of picture of <br> themselves. |
| facial <br> features | Eyes, nose, mouth, ears, eyebrows, hair |
| skin tone | The shades of a person's skin. |
| primary <br> colours | Primary colours are red, yellow and blue. <br> Primary colours can be mixed to make <br> secondary colours. |
| secondary <br> colours | Secondary colours are green, orange and <br> purple. |
| colour wheel | A circle with different coloured sectors used <br> to show the relationship between colours. |
| cubism | A way of painting and drawing where the <br> artist shows more than one view of <br> something in the same picture, like looking at <br> many sides of a cube at once. |


| Key Skills |
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| - Draw lines of varying thickness. |
| - Name the primary and secondary colours. |
| - Experiment with different brushes. |
| - Mix primary colours to make secondary colours. |
| - Add black and white to alter tints and shades. |
| - Create a piece of work in response to another artist's work. |

## Sticky Knowledge

Pablo Picasso was a famous artist who painted portraits.
Picasso liked to experiment with different ways of doing portraits.
Sometimes his portraits look a bit like a puzzle. He wanted to play with the way you can show people's faces.

