



# Year 1 Religious Education: Judaism



## Are Rosh Hashanah and Yom Kippur important to Jewish children?

### Key Vocabulary

<b>rabbi</b>	A teacher of the Jewish religion who is usually the leader of a Jewish synagogue.
<b>Rosh Hashanah</b>	The Jewish New Year, which celebrates the anniversary of the creation of the world.
<b>challah</b>	Round Challah bread is eaten during a Rosh Hashanah meal. It represents the circle of life and cycle of the year.
<b>honey</b>	Jewish people eat apple slices dipped in honey at Rosh Hashanah to represent the sweetness of the year ahead.
<b>Yom Kippur</b>	Yom Kippur means Day of Atonement. It is the most sacred and solemn day in the Jewish calendar. Yom Kippur is ten days after Rosh Hashanah.
<b>Shofar</b>	An ancient musical horn. The sound of the shofar starts a ten-day period known as the Days of Awe, which ends with Yom Kippur.
<b>synagogue</b>	The most important part of Yom Kippur is the time spent in the synagogue, the Jewish place of worship.

### Discovery RE®



### Key Skills

- Can say how it feels to say sorry and what I have said sorry for.
- Can tell you something that either Rosh Hashanah or Yom Kippur is about.
- Can choose a picture and give my thinking on why this might be important to Jewish children at Rosh Hashanah or Yom Kippur.

### Sticky Knowledge

- At Rosh Hashanah Jews make plans for things they want to achieve in the coming year/ how they want to be/how to be better people, and ask God to help them.
- Yom Kippur is a day to reflect on the past year and ask God's forgiveness for any sins. Jews do not work or go to school on this day.